LINEAR GROWTH

If a quantity starts at size P_0 and grows by d every time period, then the quantity after n time periods can be determined using either of these relations:

 $P_n = P_{n-1} + d$

 $P_n = P_0 + d \cdot n$

In this equation, d represents the common difference – the amount that the population changes each time n increases by 1.

Example

A coastal town recorded a dolphin population of 450 in 2012, and by 2018, the population had risen to 630. Assuming the dolphin population continues to increase at a steady rate, what is the expected population in 2025? $P0 = ___P6 = ___$

d = slope = ____ = ___ =

$$\begin{split} P_n &= P_0 + d \cdot n, \, P_n = 450 + 105d \;\; EXPLICIT \\ P_0 &= 450, \, P_n = P_{n-1} + 105 \;\; RECURSIVE \end{split}$$

$P_n = P_0 + d \cdot n$ $y = m \cdot x + c$

Question

In a protected park, the number of oak trees was recorded at 3,200 in 2015. By 2020, the oak tree population had increased to 4,000. Assuming the tree population grows at a constant rate, what is the expected oak tree population in 2028?

| Question | Example |
|--|---|
| A research station observed a penguin colony population of 1,500 in 2011, which grew to 1,950 by 2016. If the penguin population continues to grow at this same rate, what will the population be in 2023? | The water consumption in a growing city has been increasing steadily. The data for water usage (in billions of gallons) from 2005 to 2017 is shown below. Find a model for this data and use it to predict the water usage in 2025. If the trend continues, in what year will the water usage reach 220 billion gallons? Year '05 '06 '07 '08 '09 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14 '15 '16 '17 Usage (billion gallons) 90 92 94 96 99 101 103 106 109 112 115 118 121 |
| Usage (BillionGallons) Water Usage in a Growing City (2005 - 2017) | Example |
| | The cost, in dollars, of renting a storage unit for n months can be described by the explicit equation $C_n = 500 + 45n$. What does this equation tell us? |
| | The value for C_0 in this equation is 500, so the initial starting cost is \$ This suggests there is an initial setup or administrative fee of \$ to |
| 90 90 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 Year | start renting the unit. The value for d in the equation is 45, which means the cost increases by |

Question

Year

The number of women working in STEM fields in a certa country has been increasing over recent decades. Althou growth isn't perfectly linear, it is fairly consistent. Use th from 1985 and 2015 to find an explicit formula for the nu of women in STEM, then use it to estimate the number in

1990

18,250

2000

26,500

2010

34,700

1985

of Women in STEM 15,000

| nin Igh the ne data Imber n 2025. 2015 39,800 | Consider a population of a species of birds that grows accord- ing to the recursive rule $P_n = P_{n-1} + 120$, with an initial population of $P_0 = 200$. Then: $P_1 = P2 =$ Find an explicit formula for the population. Your formula should involve n (use lowercasen). |
|---|---|
| | $P_n =$ |
| | Use your explicit formula to find P_{50} . |
| | $P_{50} =$ |
| | EXPONENTIAL GROWTH |
| the | If a quantity starts at size P_0 and grows by R% (written as a decimal, r) every time period, then the quantity after n time periods can be deter- mined using either of these relations: Recursive form: $P_n = (1+r) \cdot P_{n-1}$ Explicit form: $P_n = (1+r)^n \cdot P_0$ or $P_n = P_0(1+r)^n$ |
| | We call r the |
| | The term $(1+r)$ is called the , or |

Question

A young tree is currently 5 feet tall, and it is expected to grow 1.5 feet each year. Create a linear growth model, with n=0 representing current height of the tree.

Between 2015 and 2016, a small town in Oregon experienced a growth of approximately 4% to a population of 12,500 people. If this growth rate were to continue, what would the population of the town be in 2022?

First, we need to define the year corresponding to n=0. Since we know the population in 2016, it makes sense to let 2016 correspond to n=____, so $P_0 =$ ____. The year 2022 would then be n=6. The growth rate is 4%, giving r=____.

Using the explicit form:

 $P_6 = (1 + ___) - \cdot 12,500 = (1.265319) \cdot 12,500 \approx ___$

The model predicts that in 2022, the town would have a population of about _____ people.

Evaluating exponents on the calculator

To evaluate expressions like $(1.03)^6$, it will be easier to use a calculator than multiply 1.03 by itself six times. Most scientific calculators have a button for exponents. It is typically either labeled like:

 $^{\wedge}$, yx, or xy.

To evaluate 1.03 $^{\rm 6}$ we'd type 1.03 $^{\rm \wedge}$ 6, or 1.03 y^x 6.

Try it out – you should get an answer around 1.1940523.

Question

In a recent fiscal year, a local coffee shop reported revenues of \$200,000, reflecting a growth of about 10% from the previous year. If this growth rate continues, what would the revenue of the coffee shop be in 2025?

Question

Brazil is the fifth largest country in the world by area, with a population in 2024 of approximately 212 million people. The population is growing at a rate of about 0.4% each year. If this trend continues, what will Brazil's population be in 2050?

ROUNDING

A very small difference in the growth rates gets magnified greatly in exponential growth. For this reason, it is recommended to round the growth rate as little as possible.

If you need to round, keep at least three significant digits – numbers after any leading zeros. So 0.4162 could be reasonably rounded to 0.416. A growth rate of 0.001027 could be reasonably rounded to 0.00103.

Question

A community garden had 100 members in its first year and grew to 150 members by the end of its second year. If the garden is experiencing exponential growth and continues at the same rate, how many members should they expect five years after the garden's inception?

Question

A community garden had 100 members in its first year and grew to 150 members by the end of its second year. If the garden is experiencing **linear** growth and continues at the same rate, how many members should they expect five years after the garden's inception?

| COMMON LOGARITHM | Example |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| The common logarithm , written, undoes the | 1 (10) |
| exponential 10 | $\log(10) =$ |
| This means that, and likewise | $\log(100) =$ |
| | $\log(1,000) =$ |
| This also means the statement $10^a = b$ is | $\log(10,000) =$ |
| equivalent to the statement $log(b) = a$ | $\log(1) =$ |
| log(x) is read as "log of x", and means "the logarithm of the | $\log(1/10) =$ |
| value x". It is important to note that this is not multiplication | $\log(1/100) =$ |
| - the log doesn't mean anything by itself, just like $\sqrt{doesn't}$ mean anything by itself; it has to be applied to a number. | $\log(1/1,000) =$ |
| Question | |
| Evaluate log(50) (use a calculator). | Properties of Logs: Exponent Property |
| Solve $10^{x} = 100$ | |
| Solve $10^{x} = 56$ | $log(A^r)=rlog(A)$ |
| Solve $3(10^x) = 5$ | |

| Example Rewrite log(36) using the exponent property for logs. | Question Rewrite log(27) using the exponent property for logs. |
|---|--|
| | |
| Solving exponential equations with logarithms | Example |
| 1 In other words, get it by itself on one side of the equation. This usually involves dividing by a number multiplying it. | The town of Crestwood has been expanding its park area according to the equation $P_n = 320(1.04)^n$, where n represents the years after 2015, and the area P_n is measured in acres. In which year will Crestwood's park area reach 500 acres? |
| 2. Take the log of both sides of the equation. | $\underline{\qquad} = \underline{\qquad} (\underline{\qquad})^{n} \frac{500}{320} = (1.04)^{n}$ $1.5625 = (1.04)^{n}$ $\log(1.5625) = \log((1.04)^{n})$ $\log(1.5625) = \log((1.04)^{n})$ |
| 3. Use the exponent property of logs to rewrite the exponential with the variable exponent multiplying the logarithm. | |
| 4. Divide as needed to solve for the variable. | $n = \log(1.5625) = n \log(1.04)$ $n = \log(1.5625) / \log(1.04) \approx 11.38$ |

| Question | Question |
|---|---|
| A city's annual budget for public transportation | An art restoration process involves applying protective coat- |
| has been growing according to the equation | ings to an ancient painting to reduce fading. Each layer of |
| $Pn = 150(1.05)^n$, where n is the number of | coating blocks 80% of the remaining light exposure. If the |
| years after 2010, and the budget P_n is measured | painting originally received 200,000 lux of light |
| in millions of dollars. In what year will the | exposure per month, how many layers are needed to reduce |
| budget reach 300 million dollars? | the light exposure to below 1,000 lux per month? |
| Question A lake is treated to reduce invasive algae by adding a special chemical that removes 70% of the remaining algae with each application. If the lake starts with 5 million algae cells per liter, how many treatments are needed to bring the algae count down to 2,000 cells per liter? | CARRYING CAPACITY The, or maximum sustainable population, is the largest population that an environment can support. |

CARRYING CAPACITY

If a population is growing in a constrained environment with carrying capacity K, and absent constraint would grow exponentially with growth rate r, then the population behavior can be described by the logistic growth model:

$$P_{n} = P_{n-1} + r \left(1 - \frac{P_{n-1}}{K}\right) P_{n-1}$$

EXPONENTIAL GROWTH $P_{n} = (1 + r) P_{n-1}$ $P_{n} = P_{n-1} + r P_{n-1}$ LOGISTIC GROWTH $P_{n} = P_{n-1} + r (1 - \frac{P_{n-1}}{K}) P_{n-1}$

Example

An isolated island currently has a population of 300 wild goats. Ecologists estimate the island's ecosystem can support a maximum of 3,000 goats. Without any external factors, the goat population would increase by 40% per year. Predict the future population using the logistic growth model.

$$P_1 = P_+ - (1 - \frac{P_-}{3000})P_- = 300 + 0.40(1 - \frac{300}{3000}) 300 = 408$$

Using this to calculate the following year:

$$P_{2} = P_{-} + 0.40 \left(1 - \frac{P_{-}}{3000} \right) P_{-} \approx 408 + 0.40 \left(1 - \frac{408}{3000} \right) 408 \approx 559$$

Question

A fish tank currently houses 30 goldfish. Without any limitations, the number of goldfish would increase by 80% each year, but the tank can only support a maximum of 250 fish. Use the logistic growth model to predict the fish population in the next three years.

 P_{n-1}

Κ

Question

A wildlife reserve currently has 45 deer. If left unregulated, the population would grow by 65% each year, but the reserve can only support a maximum population of 500 deer. Use the logistic growth model to predict the deer population in the next three years.

Question

What growth model best represents the following graph?

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Question

What growth model best represents the following graph?

A car manufacturing plant introduces a new SUV model, and its sales follow a linear growth model. In the first quarter, the factory sells 1000 SUVs ($P_0 = 1000$). In the second quarter, the sales increase = 1200). to 1200 SUVs (P_1 ÷

Write the recursive formula for the number of SUVs sold, P_n , in the (n + 1)th quarter.

$$P_n = +$$

Write the explicit formula for the number of SUVs sold, P_n , in the (n+1)th quarter.

$$P_n = \underline{\qquad} + \underline{\qquad} n$$

If this trend continues, how many SUVs will be sold in the sixth quarter?

 SUV_{S}

 $P_n =$

+u

After how many weeks will the water level in the reservoir reach 2500 cubic meters?

A company has 50 computers in its office. To improve productivity, the company decides to upgrade weeks с. С

its computer systems. As part of the upgrade plan, the company will add 4 new computers at the end of each month for the next 24 months.

How many computers will the company have at the end of 18 months?

The initial population is A colony of bacteria grows according to an exponential growth model. Find an explicit formula for P_n . Your formula should involve n. $P_0 = 100$, and the growth rate is r = 0.2. 4

Use your formula to find P_{11} .

Give all answers accurate to at least one decimal place.

- 700). A forest ecosystem experiences growth according to an exponential model. At the beginning of the $\|$ observation, the forest contains 500 trees $(P_0 = 500)$ and after one year, it contains 700 trees $(P_1$ $\times P_{n-1}$ Write an explicit formula for P_n : $P_n =$ Complete the recursive formula: $P_n =$ ы. С
- Find the logarithm without using your calculator. $\log_{10}(10) =$ <u>.</u>
- Compute the following logarithm without using a calculator: $\log_2(8) =$ 2.
- Calculate the logarithm without a calculator: $\log_3(27) =$ ÷.
- Compute the logarithm without using your calculator: $\|$ $\log_5(0.2)$ ю.

A reservoir's water level is increasing according to a linear growth model. The initial water level (week cubic meters. cubic meters, and the water level after 8 weeks is $P_8 =$ Write an explicit formula for the water level in the reservoir after n weeks. 0) is $P_0 =$ ä

- and BB. Then A $\|$ That is, write your answer in the form 2^A Express the equation in exponential form: Express the equation in exponential form: $\log_2 16 = 4.$ 10.11.
 - B. Then A||That is, write your answer in the form 3^A $\log_3 81 = 4.$

and B

Express the equation in exponential form: $\log_4 64 = 3.$ 12.

B. Then AThat is, write your answer in the form $4^A =$

and B

Solve correct to 2 decimal places: 13.

= 18 $2 \cdot 3^x$ = x Solve correct to 2 decimal places: 14.

= 12 $3 \cdot 2^x$ $\| x$ Solve correct to 2 decimal places: 15.

= 80 $4 \cdot 5^x$ = x Solve correct to 2 decimal places: 16.

= 100 $5 \cdot 4^x$ s

||

It's estimated that the carrying capacity of the park is 2000 deer. In the absence of constraints, the Consider a population of deer in a national park, whose growth is described by the logistic equation. population would grow by 150 17.

If the initial population is $p_0 = 800$ deer, then after one year the population of the park is: $p_1 =$

After two years, the population of the park becomes:

 $p_2 =$

Consider a colony of bacteria in a laboratory culture, whose growth is described by the logistic equation. It's estimated that the carrying capacity of the culture is 5000 bacteria. In the absence of constraints, the population would grow by 200 $\frac{18}{18}$

If the initial population is $p_0 = 100$ bacteria, then after one day the population of the culture is:

After two days, the population of the culture becomes:

 $p_2 =$

 $p_1 =$

It's estimated that the carrying capacity of the park is 1000 squirrels. In the absence of constraints, Consider a population of squirrels in a city park, whose growth is described by the logistic equation. the population would grow by 150 19.

If the initial population is $p_0 = 200$ squirrels, then after one year the population of the park is: ||

 p_1

After two years, the population of the park becomes: $p_2 =$

- 20. Let $P(t) = 3000(1.08)^t$ be the population of a town t years after the year 2000. Estimate in which year the population will reach 4300. Year =
- Let $P(t) = 2000(1.04)^t$ represent the population of a species of birds t years after the year 2020. Estimate in which year the population will reach 4000. Year =21.